One thing to take notice of in all the examples you've seen so far is the use of semicolons ; at the end of each line. Semicolons make it clear where one statement ends and another begins. This is especially handy when multiple lines of code are written on the same line (which is valid JavaScript, but definitely not recommended!). For instance:

**var** totalAfterTax = 53.03 **var** tip = 8 *// this is incorrect!*

***Uncaught SyntaxError:****Unexpected token var*

vs.

**var** totalAfterTax = 53.03; **var** tip = 8; *// this is correct!*

Not adding semicolons to the end of each line *can* cause bugs and errors in your programs. JavaScript does have ways to *occasionally* predict where semicolons *should* be, but just like how type coercion can result in some unexpected quirky behavior in JavaScript, it's good practice to not depend on it.

**Directions for the Quiz Below:**

Define two variables called thingOne and thingTwo and assign them values. Print the values of both variables in **one** console.log statement using **concatenation**. For example,

red blue

where "red" is the value of thingOne and "blue" is the value of thingTwo. **Don't forget to use semicolon at the end of each statement**!

**Your Code:**





/\*

\* Programming Quiz: Semicolons! (2-8)

\*/

/\*

\* QUIZ REQUIREMENTS

\* 1. Your code should have two variables - `thingOne` and `thingTwo`

\* 2. Your code should only have one `console.log` statement

\* 3. Your code should print out the values of `thingOne` and `thingTwo` using concatenation

\* 4. Your code should contain semicolons at the end of each line

\*/

var thingOne = "red";

var thingTwo = "blue";

console.log(thingOne +" "+ thingTwo);

* RESET QUIZ
* TEST RUN
* SUBMIT ANSWER

Note - We check your solution against a limited set of ***test-cases*** that check the minimum requirements, as mentioned in the quiz.

Show Solution

NEXT